

# Amateur Radio and Space Weather

What is space weather? Why do I care?

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### Acknowledgments

- Solar activity of September 06-08 2017: Patricia Doherty, BU; Mihail Codrescu, George Millward SWPC
- Solar Cycle Projections: Doug Biesecker SWPC
- Historical Information: *Delores Knipp, CU Boulder*

#### The DIA Incident





www.kokthalcetees.com

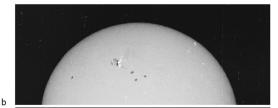


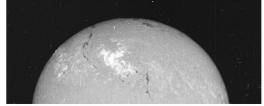
# Outline

- Overview of Space Weather Phenomena and Impacts
- Events of September 2017
- July 2012 CME: "We got lucky..."
- Tips for the Radio Amateur
- Wrap-up



- 232 N24 5/18
  - 5/20
  - 5/21
- East limb passage of one of the greatest activity complexes of Solar Cycle 20. Composed of three overlapped spot groups at time of first appearance, two of which were growing.
  Birth of fourth spot group on southern border of complex. Westward relative motion of this group, with respect to large spots to the north, may have contributed to conditions for great flare of 21 May in center of complex.
  "Collision" between central and western members of the complex, as growth and expansion of central member moved its leader spot into the follower plage of the western member. Large flare occurred over the neutral line between the groups.
  "Collision" and merger of leader of eastermost member with follower of central member, creating large "delta" magnetic configuration. Closest separation between the opposite-polarity spots coincided with great white-light, proton flare at 1840 UT (see *UAC Report* 5). These spots moved in a rotary pattern with respect to one another during 21-26 May.
  Additional great flare over the "delta" configuration. 5/23
  - 5/28







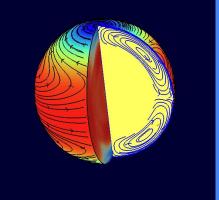
MID-CANADA PINETRE



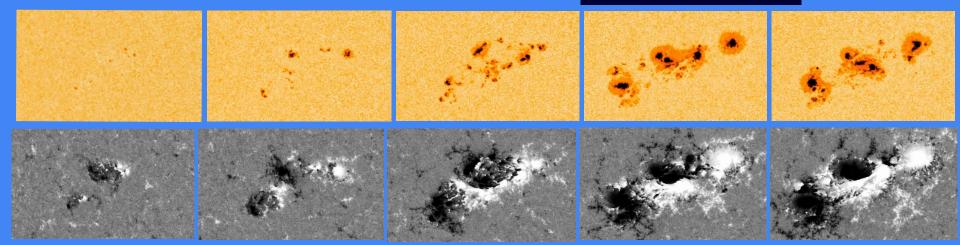
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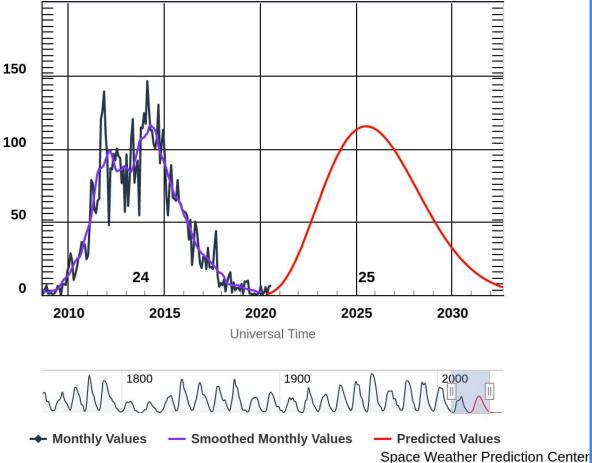


Magnetism Convection Differential Rotation (~ 27 Days)



6



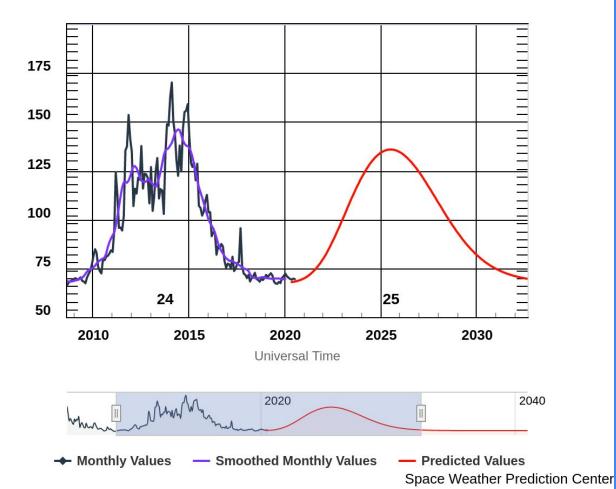


https://www.swpc.noaa .gov/products/solar-cyc le-progression

Sunspot Number



ISES Solar Cycle F10.7cm Radio Flux Progression



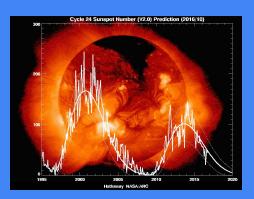


https://www.swpc.noaa .gov/products/solar-cyc le-progression



#### ~ 11 Year Solar Cycle

Peaked in 2014 Minimum expected in 2020

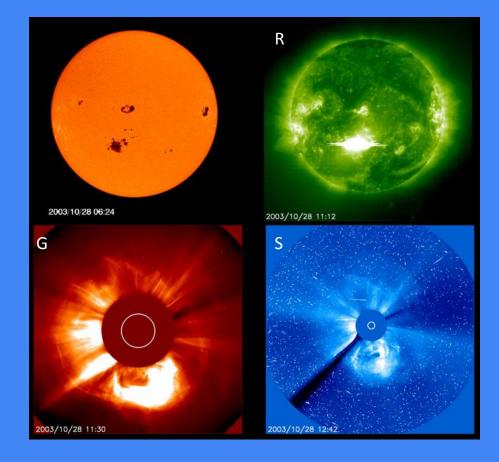




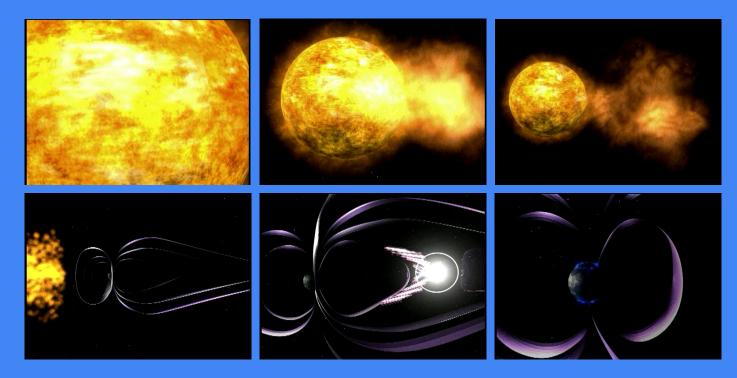


### The Big 3 – R, S & G

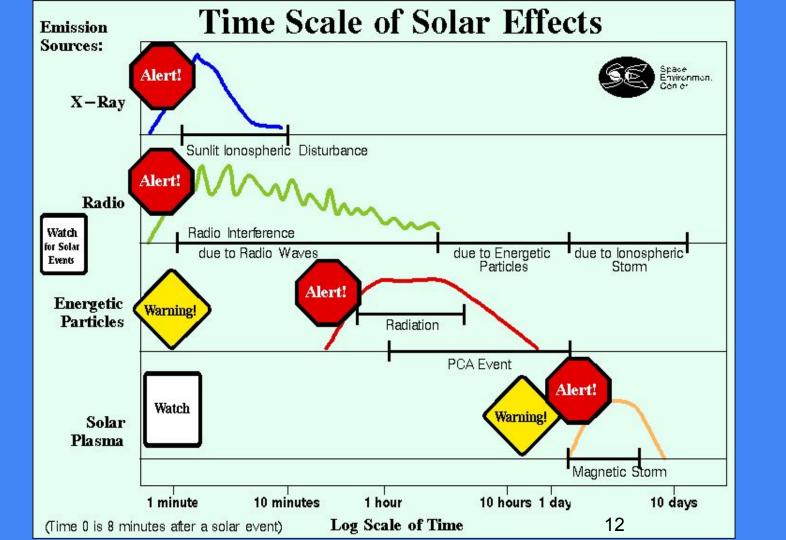
- R = Radio Blackout
- S = Space Radiation Storm
  G = Geomagnetic Storm







Artist's conception of solar storm, courtesy NASA





### **NOAA Space Weather Scales**



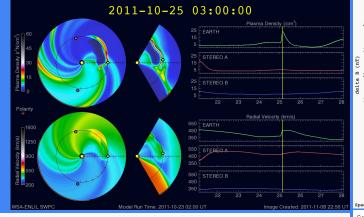
#### http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/NOAAscales/

	Catego	ну	Effect	Physical measure		ge Freq. = 11 yrs)							
Scale Descriptor Dura		scriptor	Duration of event will influence severity of effects	GOES X- ray peak brightness	Number of events when flux level								
			Radio Blackouts	by class and by flux*			tegory Effect			Physical measure	Average Freq. (1 cycle = 11 yr)		
R	sunht side of the Ea radio contact with m Navigation: Low-fr aviation systems exp hours, causing loss a		HF Radio-Complete HF (high frequency**) radio blackout on the entire sunht side of the Earth lasting for a member of hours. This results in no HF radio contact with manners and en route aviators in this sector. Navienties: Low-frequency nonization signal used by mantime and general			Scale	Descriptor	Solar Radiation Storms					
			aviation systems experience outages on the sunlit side of the Earth for many hours, causing loss in positioning. Increased satellite navigation errors in positioning for several hours on the sunlit side of Earth, which may spread							tegory	Effect	Physical measure	Average Freq. (1 cycle = 11 yrs)
R			HF Radio: : HF radio communication blackout on most of the sunlit side of	X10						Descriptor	Duration of event will influence severity of effects	measure	(I cycle – II yis)
			Earth for one to two hours. HF radio contact lost during this time. Navigation: Ourage of low-frequency margation signals cause increased error in positioning for one two hours. Minor disruptions of satellite margation possible on the smilit side of Earth.	(10 <sup>-9</sup> )	¢	S 5	Extreme	Biological: unavoidable high radiation hazard to astronauts on E vehicular activity); high radiation exposure to passengers and cre commercial jets at high latitudes (approximately 100 chest x-rays)	Geomagnetic Storms		Kp values* determined every 3 hours	Number of storm events when Kp level was met	
R	3 5		HF Radio: Wide area blackout of HF radio communication, loss of radio contact for about an hour on smlit tale of Earth. Navigation: Low-frequency novigation signals degraded for about an hour.	X1 (10*)				Satellite operations: satellites may be rendered useless, memory cause loss of control, may cause serious noise in image data, star- be unable to locate sources; permanent damage to solar panels po	G 5		Power systems: : widespread voltage control problems and protective system problems can occur, some grid systems may experience complete collapse or blackouts. Transformers may experience damage.	Kp = 9	4 per cycle (4 days per cycle)
R	2 Me		HF Radio: Limited blackowt of HF radio communication on sunlit side, loss of radio contact for tens of minutes. Navigation: Degradation of low-frequency navigation signals for tens of minutes.	M5 (5 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> )				Other systems: complete blackout of HF (high frequency) com possible through the polar regions, and position errors make navi operations extremely difficult.           Severe Biological: maxically considered and the stromast on EVA; + rediation exposure to passengers and even is commercial jets at 1 (approximately 10 chest screys) is possible.           Satellite operations: nave uscencing ennowed weight operations: nave uscencing ennowed environs endowed			Spacecraft operations: may experience extensive surface charging, problems with orientation, uplink/downlink and tracking satellites. Other systems: pipeline currents can reach hundreds of amps, HF (high frequency) radio propagation may be impossible in many areas for one to two days, satellite navigation may be degraded for days, low-frequency		
R	1 3		HF Radio: Weak or minor degradation of HF radio communication on sunlit side, occasional loss of radio contact. Navigation: Low-frequency navigation signals degraded for bnef intervals.	MI (10 <sup>5</sup> )		S 4	Severe				radio navigation can be out for hours, and aurora has been seen as low as Florida and southern Texas (typically 40° geomagnetic lat.)**.	Kp = 8.	
	*The, messed in the 0.1-01 nm mage, in Wm <sup>2</sup> , Based on this messawe, but other physical messawes are is considered. ** Other Responsion may also be affected by these conditions.					Strong	imaging systems; star-tracker problems may cause orientation pre solar panel efficiency can be degraded. Other systems: blackout of HF radio communications through th regions and increased navigation errors over several days are like	G 4		Power systems: possible wickspread voltage control problems and some protective systems will mistakem by not use yassets from the grid. Spacecraft operations: may be needed for orientation problems. Other systems: induced pipeline currents affect preventive measures, HF radio propagation operaditis, static larwing in a digrading of the hours, low- frequency radio navigation disrupted, and auron has been seen as low as Albahum and northern California (Visiol) 4% <sup>2</sup> generative las 10% <sup>2</sup> as		100 per cycle (60 days per cycle)	
Radio Blackouts								G 3		Power systems: voltage corrections may be required, false alarms triggered on some protection devices. Spacecraft operations: surface charging may occur on statilitie components, drag may increase on low-Earth-orbit satellites, and corrections may be needed for orientation problems. Other systems: intermitten satellite navigation and low-frequency radio mayigation problems may occur. IFF and naw be intermitten, and aurora	Kp = 7	200 per cycle (130 days per cycle)	
					\$ 2		Moderate	te Biological: none. Satellite operations: infrequent single-event upsets possible. Other systems: small effects on HF propagation through the pol-			has been seen as low as Illinois and Oregon (typically 50° geomagnetic lat.)**.		
S1 Mi			s		S 1	1 Minor	navigation at polar cap locations possibly affected. Biological: none.	G 2		Power systems: high-latitude power systems may experience voltage alarms, long-duration storms may cause transformer damage. Spacecraft operations: corrective actions to orientation may be required by ground control; possible changes in drag affect orbit predictions.	Kp = 6	600 per cycle (360 days per cycle)	
				Satellite operations: none. Other systems: minor impacts on HF radio in the polar regions.		8	Other systems: HF radio propagation can fade at higher latitudes, and aurora has been seen as low as New York and Idaho (typically 55° geomagnetic lat.)**.						
Radiation Storms					G 1		Power systems: weak power grid Ilustrations can occur. Space-raft operations: aimer inputs can statific operations possible. Other systems: migratory animals are affected at this and higher levels: anyon is commonly visible at high latitudes (northern Michigan and Maine)**.	Kp = 5	1700 per cycle (900 days per cycle)				
Storms					orms			Coomercetie					

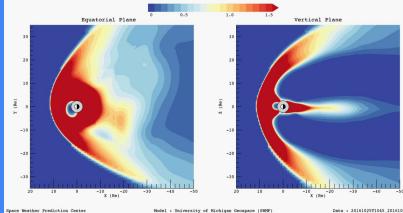
Geomagnetic Storms 13

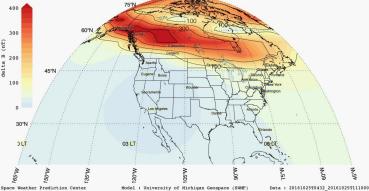


### Modeling the Space Environment



Geospace Magnetosphere 2D Cut Planes, Pressure (nPa) : 2016-10-25 13:51:00 UTC

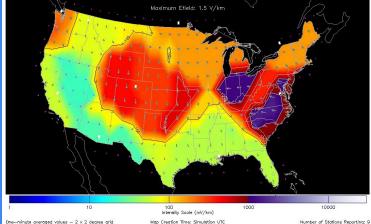




Geospace delta B (nT), North America : 2016-10-25 11:10:00 UTC

Geoelectric Field Map Prototype V6

#### 1989/03/13 21:44:30UTC



Data : 20161025T1045\_20161025T1351 One-minute overaged values - 2 × 2 degree grid

# Phenomena Reference/Impacts



#### Solar Flare Radio Blackout (R Scale):

•No advance warning

•Effects last for 10's of minutes to several hours

•High Frequency (HF) communication on the sunlit side of the Earth

•VHF/UHF communication if significant radio burst on frequency (e.g. GPS)

•First indication significant S and G scale activity may be possible

#### Solar Radiation Storm (S Scale):

Warnings possible on the minutes to hours time scale
Effects can persist for several days
Health and operation of satellites and International Space Station
HF comm in the polar regions, affecting commercial airline ops

#### Geomagnetic Storm (G Scale):

•Advance notice possible from just under a day to several days

- •Effects last for one or more days
- •Power grid operations and stability

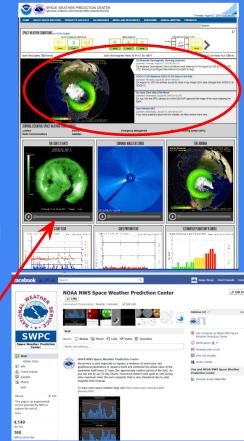
•Post-Storm Maximum Usable Frequency (MUF) depression possible.

•Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) accuracy and availability •Aurora

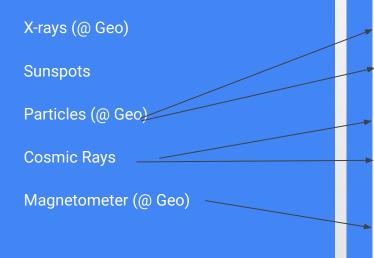


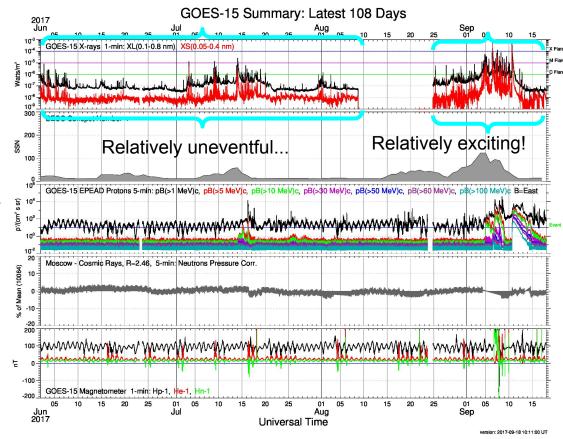
# **Information Dissemination**

- Phone Contact for Critical Stakeholders: NASA, Commercial Airlines, Power Generation and Distribution, FEMA, etc.
- Product Subscription Service: Email-based, no cost subscription service open to all
- Website: Data, products, and models all available there. Tops News heading that will provide updates for elevated space weather
- Social Media (Twitter, Facebook)
- Traditional Media Support during significant events



### Summer of 2017 was generally uneventful until...

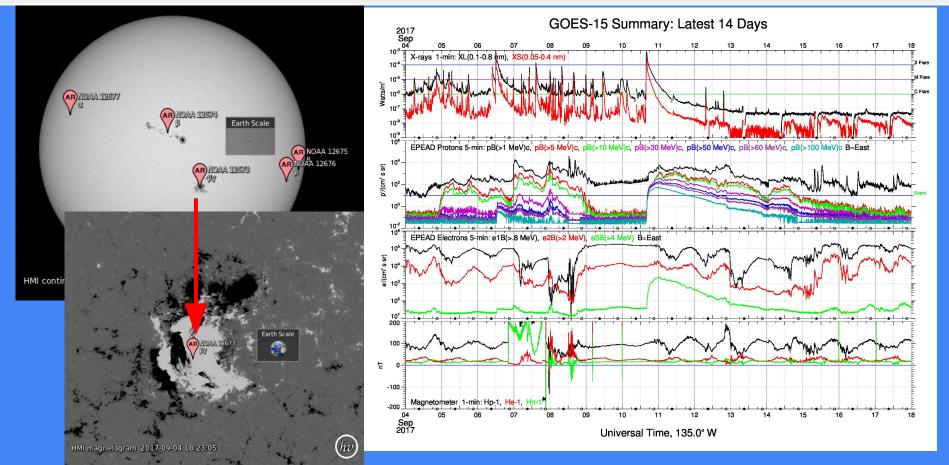




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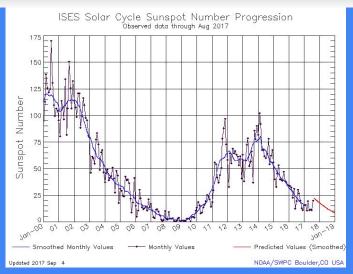
Region 12673



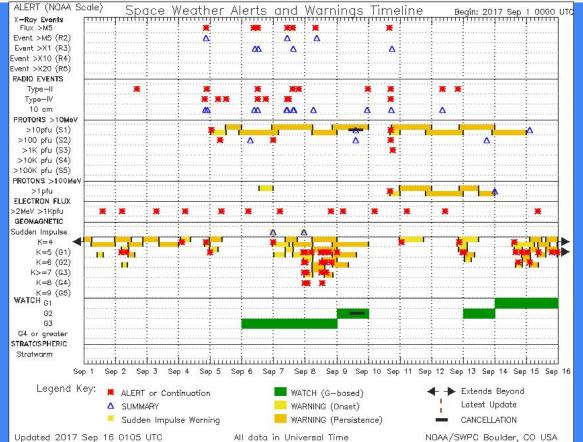


### Cycle vs Watches, Warnings and Alerts Timeline 01 Sep - 16 Sep 2017





04 Sep 1200 UTC - 11 Sept 1200 UTC **123** Alert, Watch Warning and Summary Products issued. This was 5 more than issued the *entire month* before.



### September 6, 2017 & other flares

The X9.3 flare son Sep 6 at 1202 UTC was the largest of the solar cycle, and the largest since Sep 7, 2005 (an X17) + S3

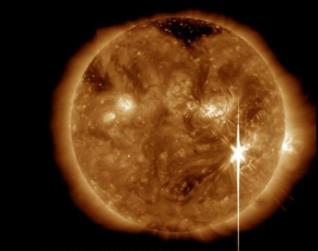
An X2.2 preceded the X9.3 flare on Sep 06 at 0910 UTC

An X1.3 event followed on Sep 07 at 1436 UTC

An X8.2 event followed on Sep 10 at 1606 UTC + S3

#### Intense Solar Activity Viewed From Space (NASA)

#### Strong Radio Blackout on 6 September at 1202 UTC



SDO/AIA 193 2017-09-06 12:10:17 UT

# R3

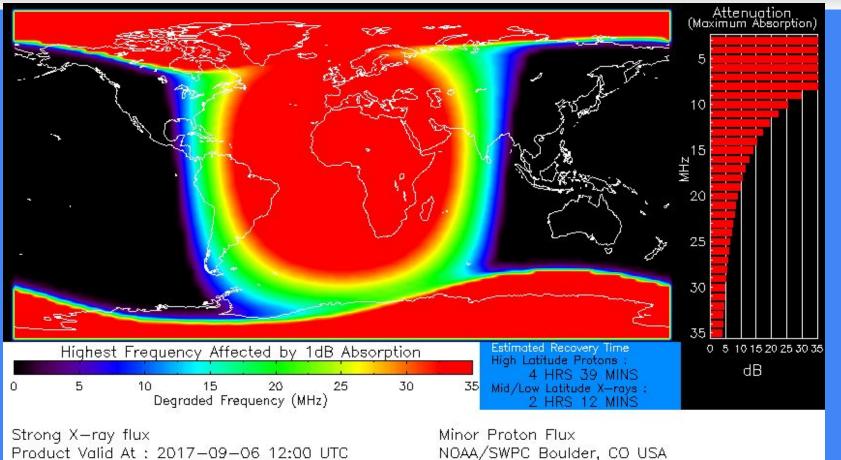
<u>PRIMARY AREA of IMPACTS</u> Large portions of sunlit side of Earth

#### POSSIBLE EFFECTS

<u>HF Radio</u>: Wide area of blackouts; loss of contact for up to an hour over sunlit side of Earth <u>Navigation</u>: Low frequency communication degraded for about an hour

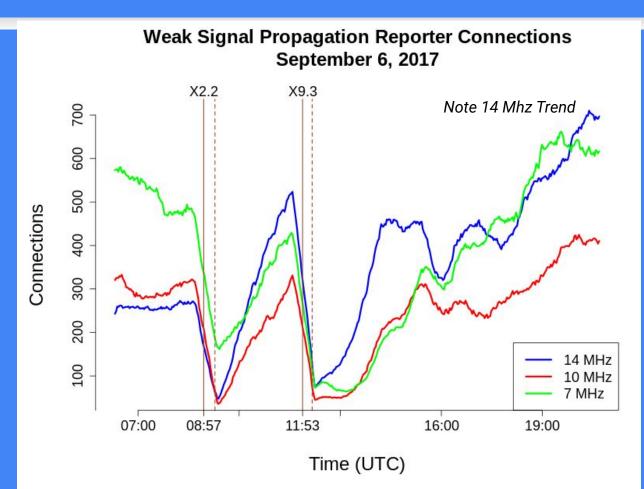
#### D-Region Absorption 06 Sep 2017





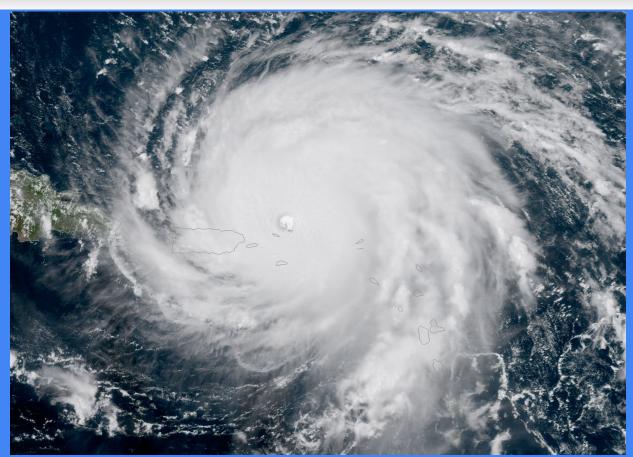
### Impact on WSPR Network





#### Hurricane + Solar Flare = ?





"...I'm not sure how long this blackout will last, but, these flares could not happen at a worse time. We are looking at 3 hurricane threatening land and we cannot make contact with anyone on the 20 meter or 40 meter amateur bands..."

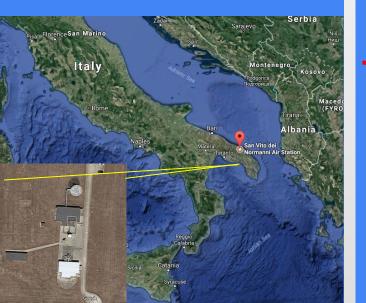
Mother Nature is not playing well.





### Solar Radio Burst Activity 06 Sep 2017

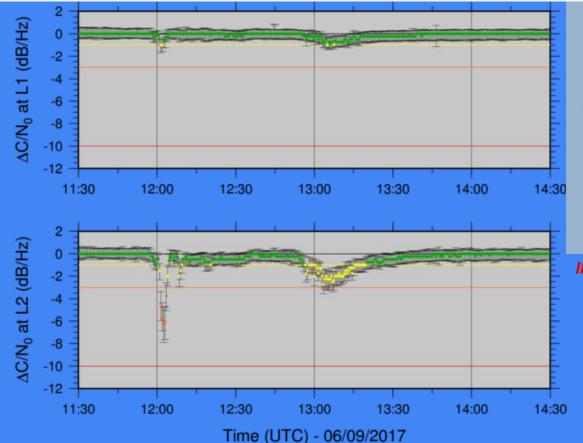
Solar Radio Burst reported by USAF optical/radio observatory at San Vito, Italy.



<pre>:Product: 20170906events.txt :Created: 2017 Sep 09 0357 UT :Date: 2017 09 06 # Prepared by the U.S. Dept. of Commerce, NOAA, Space Weather Prediction Center # Please send comments and suggestions to SWPC.Webmaster@noaa.gov # # Missing data: //// # Updated every 5 minutes. # Edited Events for 2017 Sep 06</pre>										
#Event	Begin	Max	End	Obs	0	Typ	e Loc/Fro	Part	iculars	Reg#
#										
7160	0000	1111	0433	PAL	. C	RS	P 025-180	VI/1		
7340 +	1153	1202	1210	G15	5	XRA	1-8A	X9.3	5.7E-01	2673
7340 +	1154	1156	1432	SVI	G	RBR	2695	14000	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1154	1156	1351	SVI	G	RBR	15400	8100	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1155	1202	1232	SAG	G	RBR	410	6300	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1155	1156	1356	SVI	G	RBR	8800	6500	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1156	1157	1405	SVI	G	RBR	4995	5900	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1156	1202	1424	SVI	G	RBR	1415	19000	CastelliU	2673
7340	1157	1111	1202	SVI	С	RSP	025-170	III/2		2673
7340 +	1158	1202	1232	SAG	G	RBR	610	9400	CastelliU	2673
7340 +	1201	1111	1515	SVI	С	RSP	025-180	IV/2		2673
7340 +	1202	1203	1411	SVI	G	RBR	245	3200	CastelliU	2673
7340	1202	1111	1208	SAG	С	RSP	025-061	VI/1		2673
7340	1202	1111	1221	SVI	С	RSP	025-081	II/2	1765	2673
7790	B1224	////	A1630	SOH	4 (	CME	XUV,EUV,U	V227-226	/FS1429	2673

### Summary of Radio Burst Impact to GPS - 06 September from ROB









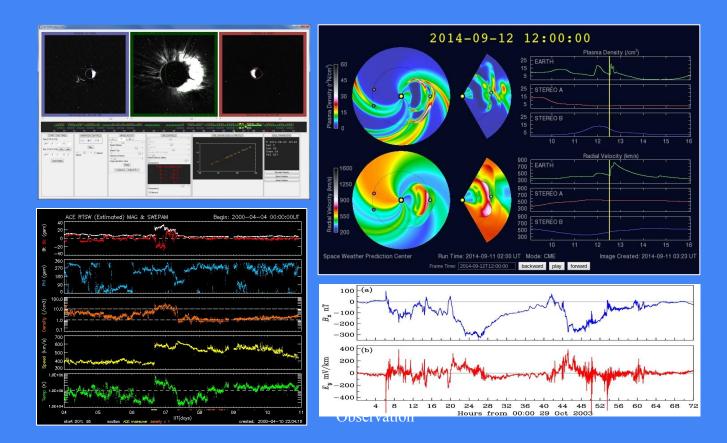
Royal Observatory of Belgium GNSS Research Group

#### IMPACT OF THE EVENT:

- On L1, two fades above 1dB/Hz were detected at 12h01 and 12h05.
- On L2, a first fade above 3dB/Hz which could potentially affect the GNSS application, occurred for 3 min with a maximum of -6.25±1.6dB/Hz at 12h02.
  - It was followed by a second lower fade above 1dB/Hz at 13h03.

## **Geomagnetic Storm Forecasting**



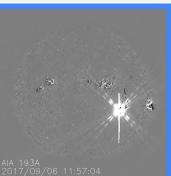


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### 06 September CME







AIA 193A 2017/09/06 11:57:04

A. NOAA Geomagnetic Activity Observation and Forecast

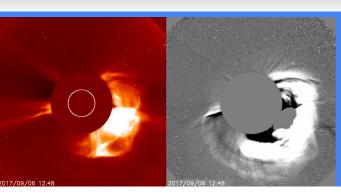
The greatest observed 3 hr Kp over the past 24 hours was 4 (below NOAA Scale levels).

The greatest expected 3 hr Kp for Sep 07-Sep 09 2017 is 7 (NOAA Scale G3).

NOAA Kp index breakdown Sep 07-Sep 09 2017

	Sep 07	Sep 08	Sep 09
00-03UT	4	5 (G1)	7 (G3)
03-06UT	6 (G2)	6 (G2)	6 (G2)
06-09UT	7 (G3)	5 (G1)	5 (G1)
09-12UT	5 (G1)	4	4
12-15UT	5 (G1)	4	4
15-18UT	4	6 (G2)	4
18-21UT	4	6 (G2)	4
21-00UT	4	7 (G3)	4

Rationale: G3 (Strong) geomagnetic storm levels are likely for the next three days (07-09 Sep) as a result of an inbound CME from 04 Sep, followed by the arrival of the CME associated with the X9 flare, mid-to-late on day two (08 Sep).



Geospace

Sept 7, 2017 0030 UTC Forecast

.24 hr Summary...

The geomagnetic field was quiet to unsettled, with an isolated active period the last synoptic period of the day.

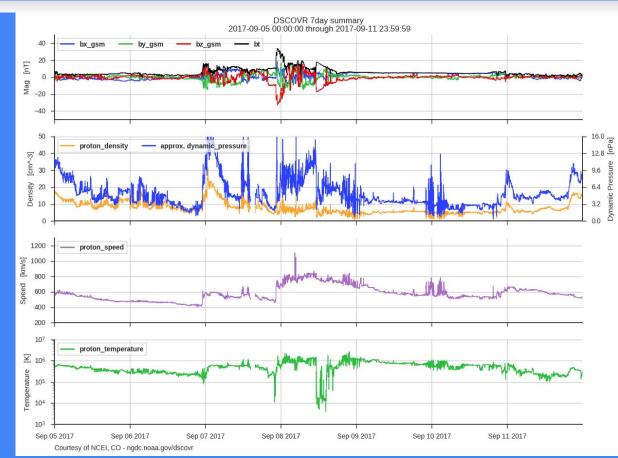
#### .Forecast...

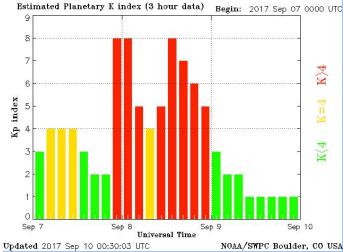
G3 (Strong) geomagnetic storm levels are likely for the next three days (07-09 Sep) as a result of an inbound CME from 04 Sep, followed by the arrival of the CME associated with the X9 flare, mid-to-late on day two (08 Sep).



#### Solar Wind Environment 05-11 September, 2017

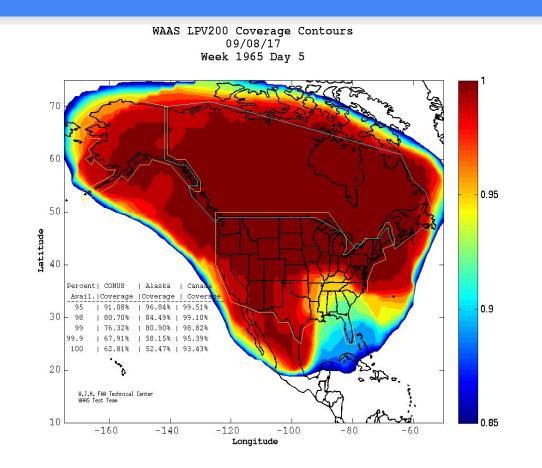




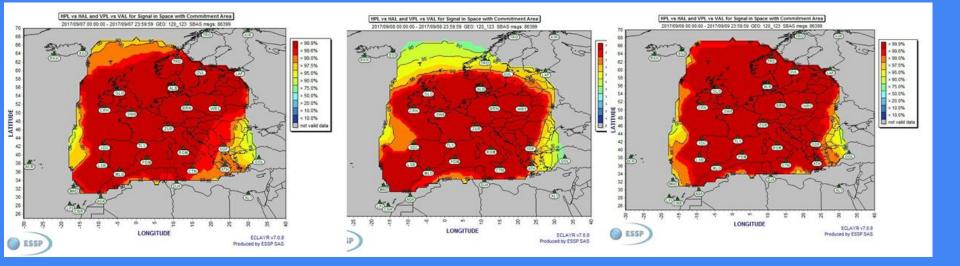


#### Localizer Performance with Vertical Guidance coverage 08 September 2017



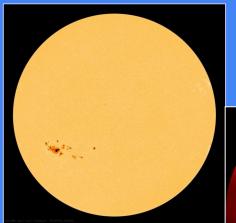




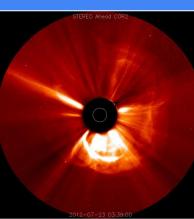


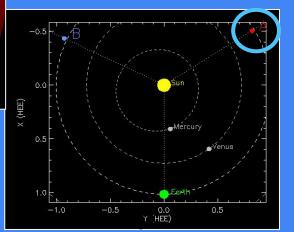
### July 23, 2012





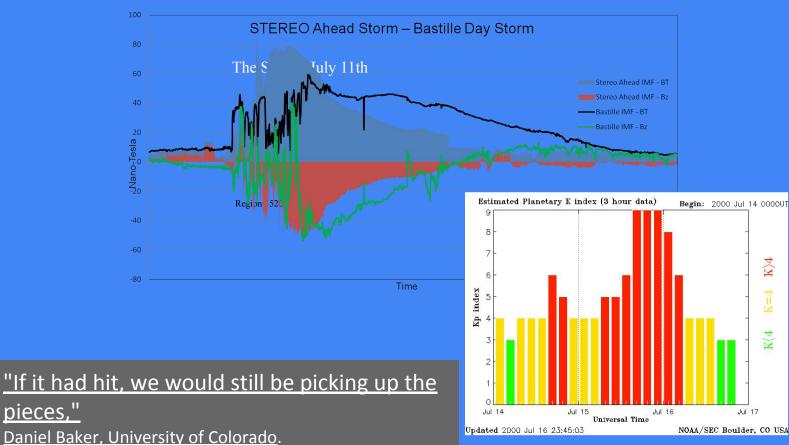
Region 1520

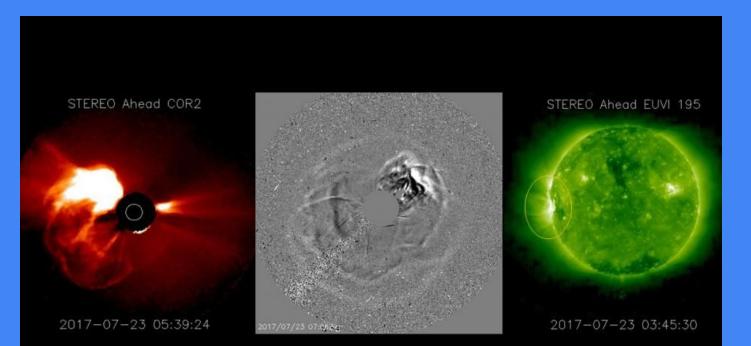




### July 23, 2012 STEREO vs July 2000 Earth



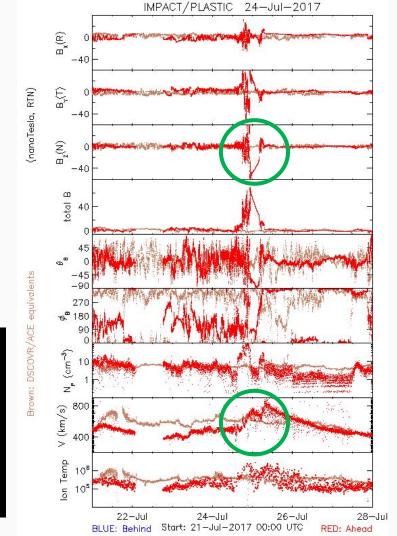




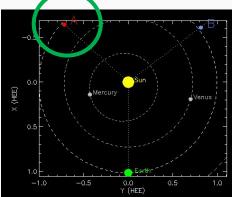
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WEATHA

CME Impact STEREO-A 24-25 July 2017







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#### Periods with Kp >= 90 March 2016

(Month 88)



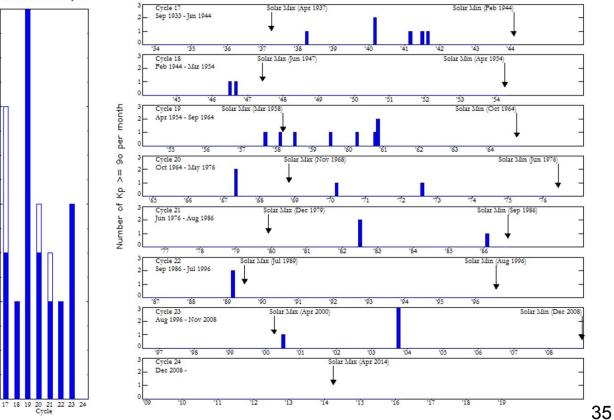
Cycle

90

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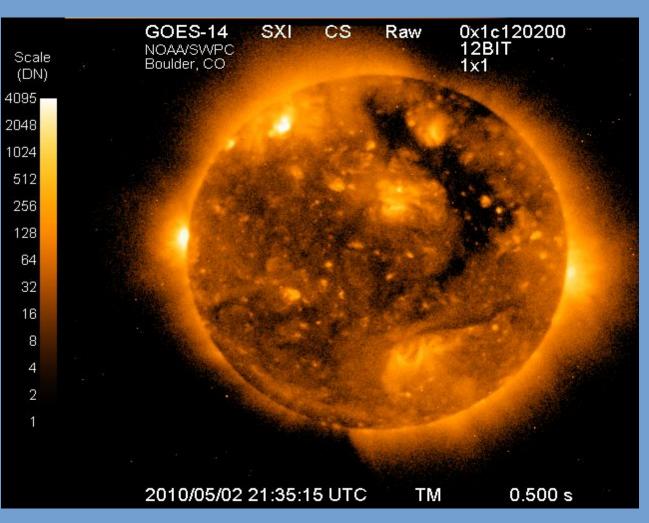
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Number of Kp

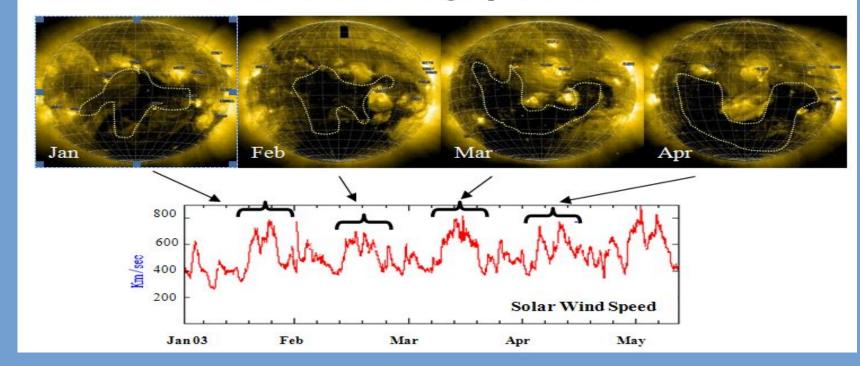


Coronal Holes

- Produce
   minor-moderat
   e geomagnetic
   storms
- Large holes during solar minimum



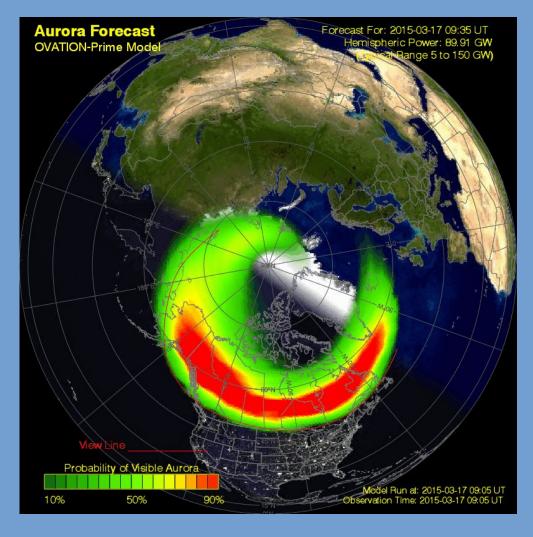
#### **Recurrent Coronal Hole High Speed Streams**



Large geoeffective coronal holes will often persist for several rotations of the Sun (approximate 27-day rotation). Persistent holes build up corotating interaction regions (CIRs). Periodicity promotes prediction.

### Ovation Prime Model

30-minute and 3-day predictions



### So What? Hints from NA5N and QRPARCI

**QRP Propagation Hint:** If you're in a QSO when a major flare causes an HF blackout, it seldom lasts more than an hour. If you're working a contest, this hint could be useful. Take a break, but don't QRT!

These x-rays do provide extra ionization to the E/F layers for improved reflectivity and a higher MUF. Exploit the benefits of a solar flare.

**<u>QRP Propagation Hint:</u>** Good DX contacts are possible immediately following a solar flare until sundown due to the improved reflectivity (better signal-to-noise ratio for QRP signals) and the higher MUF opening the higher bands – especially during the solar minimum years.

**ORP Propagation Hint:** The most important thing to remember about a solar flare is this: the HF effects are generally *only for the duration of the flare event* (20-60 minutes) and seldom effect frequencies <10 MHz.

**<u>ORP Propagation Hint:</u>** Often our magnetic field gets very quiet following a strong geomagnetic storm for 12–24 hours. This is an excellent time to work 40–160M due to very low noise levels.

**<u>QRP Propagation Hint:</u>** Use the current *K-Index* from WWV or the internet to determine the current geomagnetic conditions. The *A-Index* is actually *yesterday's* geomagnetic condition, and does not represent present conditions.

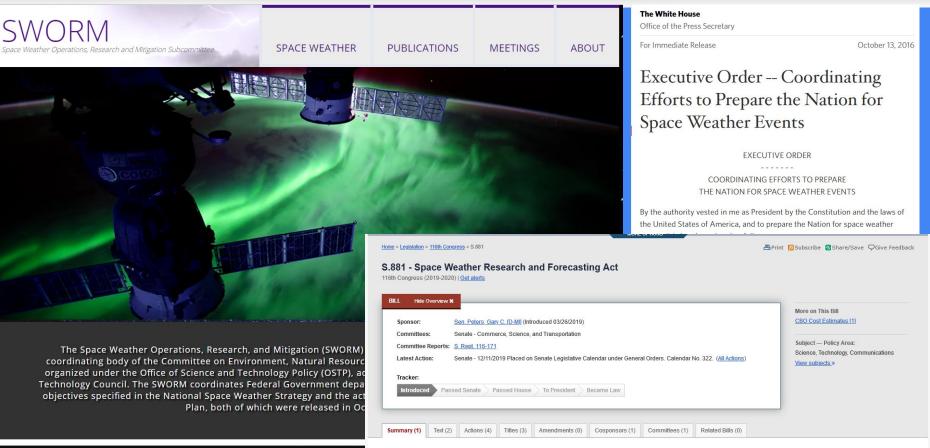
# So What? Tips for the Radio Amateur from NA5N, Paul Harden

#### **A Few Final Thoughts**

- 1. The *solar flux*, indicating the level of ionization, affects HF propagation *above* about 10 MHz. The solar flux does not affect 40M and below, since the MUF seldom drops below 10 MHz. This is why the lower bands are *always* open.
- 2. The *K-index*, indicating the geomagnetic condition, indicates HF noise primarily *below* about 10 MHz, except in severe cases. During a storm, high noise levels on 40M doesn't mean high noise on 20M.
- 3. 30M is the ham band caught between the 2 worlds. It can be affected by both solar flux and the K-index. On the other hand, it is more often *not* bothered by either. It is a good band throughout the solar cycle.
- 4. Every solar flare and the resultant storm is different. No two are alike, nor accurately predictable.
- 5. Never let reports of flares or geomagnetic storms scare you from getting on the air and checking it out.

#### / Space Weather Operations Research and Mitigation







### 2020 HamSCI Workshop



#### NSF Awards Grant for the Development of the HamSCI Personal Space Weather Station

Thursday, November 7, 2019 - 07:00 Submitted 1 month 1 week ago by w2naf.

A \$1.3 million National Science Foundation (NSF) grant awarded to University of Scranton physics and electrical engineering professor Nathaniel Frissell, Ph.D., seeks to harness the power of a network of licensed amateur radio operators to better understand and measure the effects of weather in the upper levels of Earth's atmosphere. The highlycompetitive grant awarded by NSF's Aeronomy Program for the project titled Distributed Arrays of Small Instruments (DASI) will be implemented over a three-year period. As lead principal investigator, Dr. Frissell, a space physicist, will lead a collaborative team that will develop modular, multi-instrument, ground-based space science observation equipment and data collection and analysis software. He will also recruit multiple universities and ham radio users to operate the network of "Personal Space Weather Stations" developed.



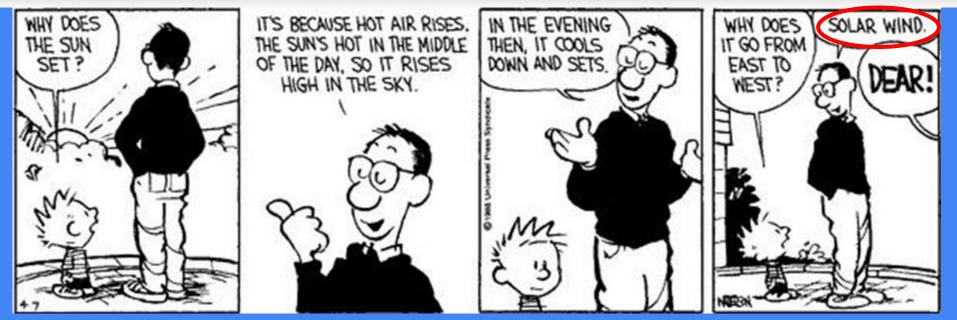
HamSC!

Read more

March 20-21, 2020 at The University of Scranton, Scranton, PA

**Questions?** 















### Radio Evolution – KA8JBY to AD0IU













